Texas is the 22\textsuperscript{nd} DEADLIEST state for colorectal cancer in the U.S.

OF TEXANS AGES 50-64 ARE UP TO DATE ON SCREENING
(2014-2018 BRFSS data)

54%

OF TEXANS AGES 65-75 ARE UP TO DATE ON SCREENING
(2014-2018 BRFSS data)

71.6%

1,307

8,797

AVERAGE ANNUAL NUMBER OF NEW CASES AGE <50
National Cancer Institute (2014-2018)

AVERAGE ANNUAL NUMBER OF NEW CASES AGE 50+
National Cancer Institute (2014-2018)

WHAT DOES TEXAS STATUTE SAY ABOUT COLORECTAL CANCER?

DOES STATUTE MENTION AGE? YES; 45

DOES STATUTE WAIVE COST-SHARING FOR FOLLOW-UP COLONOSCOPY? YES

POLICIES COVERED BY STATE STATUTE*
Health benefit plans that are delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on or after January 1, 2022.

CONSUMERS COVERED BY STATE STATUTE*
Enrollees 45 years of age or older and at normal risk for developing colon cancer.

COLORECTAL CANCER SCREENING METHODS COVERED BY STATE STATUTE*

A. All colorectal cancer examinations, preventive services, and laboratory tests assigned a grade of “A” or “B” by the United States Preventive Services Task Force for average-risk individuals, including the services that may be assigned a grade of “A” or “B” in the future.

B. An initial colonoscopy or other medical test or procedure for colorectal cancer screening and a follow-up colonoscopy if the results of the initial colonoscopy, test, or procedure are abnormal.

C. For an enrollee in a managed care plan as defined by Section 1451.151, the plan may impose a cost-sharing requirement for coverage described by this section only if the enrollee obtains the covered benefit or service outside the plan’s network.

Full statute language available here.

NOTE: This law goes into effect on Sept. 1, 2021.

MORE INFORMATION

Statute tied to ACS, USPSTF or other? None
Lives enrolled in non-ERISA plans 10,168,820
Medicaid Expansion state? No
Colorectal Cancer Control Program (CRCCP) grantee? Yes, Link Here

Find out how to take action in your state at FightCRC.org/Advocacy

Last updated: Oct. 2021 | *Full Statute Available Here